SB1596 Enrolled

LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

```
1
         AN ACT concerning employment.
 2
         Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
 3
     represented in the General Assembly:
 4
          Section 5. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by
 5
      changing Sections 5 and 11 and by adding Section 1.2 as
 6
      follows:
 7
          (820 ILCS 305/1.2 new)
 8
          Sec. 1.2. Permitted civil actions. Subsection (a) of
 9
     Section 5 and Section 11 do not apply to any injury or death
10
      sustained by an employee as to which the recovery of
11
     compensation benefits under this Act would be precluded due to
12
     the operation of any period of repose or repose provision. As
13
     to any such injury or death, the employee, the employee's
14
     heirs, and any person having standing under the law to bring a
15
     civil action at law, including an action for wrongful death and
16
     an action pursuant to Section 27-6 of the Probate Act of 1975,
17
     has the nonwaivable right to bring such an action against any
18
     employer or employers.
19
          (820 ILCS 305/5) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.5)
20
          Sec. 5. Damages; minors; third-party liability.
21
          (a) Except as provided in Section 1.2, no No common law or
22
      statutory right to recover damages from the employer, his
     SB1596 Enrolled
                                - 2 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b
 1
     insurer, his broker, any service organization that is wholly
     owned by the employer, his insurer or his broker and that
 3
     provides safety service, advice or recommendations for the
 4
     employer or the agents or employees of any of them for injury
 5
     or death sustained by any employee while engaged in the line of
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14

6 his duty as such employee, other than the compensation herein 7 provided, is available to any employee who is covered by the 8 provisions of this Act, to any one wholly or partially 9 dependent upon him, the legal representatives of his estate, or 10 any one otherwise entitled to recover damages for such injury. 11 However, in any action now pending or hereafter begun to 12 enforce a common law or statutory right to recover damages for 13 negligently causing the injury or death of any employee it is 14 not necessary to allege in the complaint that either the 15 employee or the employer or both were not governed by the 16 provisions of this Act or of any similar Act in force in this 17 or any other State. 18 Any illegally employed minor or his legal representatives 19 shall, except as hereinafter provided, have the right within 6 20 months after the time of injury or death, or within 6 months 21 after the appointment of a legal representative, whichever 22 shall be later, to file with the Commission a rejection of his 23 right to the benefits under this Act, in which case such 24 illegally employed minor or his legal representatives shall 25 have the right to pursue his or their common law or statutory 26 remedies to recover damages for such injury or death.

SB1596 Enrolled - 3 -LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

No payment of compensation under this Act shall be made to an illegally employed minor, or his legal representatives, unless such payment and the waiver of his right to reject the benefits of this Act has first been approved by the Commission or any member thereof, and if such payment and the waiver of his right of rejection has been so approved such payment is a bar to a subsequent rejection of the provisions of this Act. (b) Where the injury or death for which compensation is payable under this Act was caused under circumstances creating a legal liability for damages on the part of some person other than his employer to pay damages, then legal proceedings may be taken against such other person to recover damages 13 notwithstanding such employer's payment of or liability to pay

compensation under this Act. In such case, however, if the

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

15 action against such other person is brought by the injured 16 employee or his personal representative and judgment is 17 obtained and paid, or settlement is made with such other 18 person, either with or without suit, then from the amount 19 received by such employee or personal representative there 20 shall be paid to the employer the amount of compensation paid 21 or to be paid by him to such employee or personal 22 representative including amounts paid or to be paid pursuant to 23 paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act. 24 Out of any reimbursement received by the employer pursuant 25 to this Section the employer shall pay his pro rata share of 26 all costs and reasonably necessary expenses in connection with

SB1596 Enrolled - 4 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

such third-party claim, action or suit and where the services
of an attorney at law of the employee or dependents have
resulted in or substantially contributed to the procurement by
suit, settlement or otherwise of the proceeds out of which the
employer is reimbursed, then, in the absence of other
agreement, the employer shall pay such attorney 25% of the
gross amount of such reimbursement.

If the injured employee or his personal representative agrees to receive compensation from the employer or accept from the employer any payment on account of such compensation, or to institute proceedings to recover the same, the employer may have or claim a lien upon any award, judgment or fund out of which such employee might be compensated from such third party.

In such actions brought by the employee or his personal representative, he shall forthwith notify his employer by personal service or registered mail, of such fact and of the name of the court in which the suit is brought, filing proof thereof in the action. The employer may, at any time thereafter join in the action upon his motion so that all orders of court after hearing and judgment shall be made for his protection. No release or settlement of claim for damages by reason of such injury or death, and no satisfaction of judgment in such proceedings shall be valid without the written consent of both

```
24
     employer and employee or his personal representative, except in
25
     the case of the employers, such consent is not required where
26
     the employer has been fully indemnified or protected by Court
     SB1596 Enrolled
                              - 5 -
                                            LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b
 1
     order.
 2
         In the event the employee or his personal representative
 3
      fails to institute a proceeding against such third person at
 4
     any time prior to 3 months before such action would be barred,
 5
     the employer may in his own name or in the name of the
 6
     employee, or his personal representative, commence a
 7
     proceeding against such other person for the recovery of
 8
     damages on account of such injury or death to the employee, and
 9
     out of any amount recovered the employer shall pay over to the
10
     injured employee or his personal representatives all sums
11
     collected from such other person by judgment or otherwise in
12
     excess of the amount of such compensation paid or to be paid
13
     under this Act, including amounts paid or to be paid pursuant
14
      to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act, and costs,
15
     attorney's fees and reasonable expenses as may be incurred by
16
      such employer in making such collection or in enforcing such
17
     liability.
18
      (Source: P.A. 98-633, eff. 6-5-14.)
19
          (820 ILCS 305/11) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.11)
20
         Sec. 11. Measure of responsibility. Except as provided in
21
      Section 1.2, the The compensation herein provided, together
22
     with the provisions of this Act, shall be the measure of the
23
     responsibility of any employer engaged in any of the
24
     enterprises or businesses enumerated in Section 3 of this Act,
25
     or of any employer who is not engaged in any such enterprises
                        - 6 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b
     SB1596 Enrolled
 1
     or businesses, but who has elected to provide and pay
 2
     compensation for accidental injuries sustained by any employee
```

arising out of and in the course of the employment according to the provisions of this Act, and whose election to continue under this Act, has not been nullified by any action of his employees as provided for in this Act.

Accidental injuries incurred while participating in voluntary recreational programs including but not limited to athletic events, parties and picnics do not arise out of and in the course of the employment even though the employer pays some or all of the cost thereof. This exclusion shall not apply in the event that the injured employee was ordered or assigned by his employer to participate in the program.

Notwithstanding any other defense, accidental injuries incurred while the employee is engaged in the active commission of and as a proximate result of the active commission of (a) a forcible felony, (b) aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, or (c) reckless homicide and for which the employee was convicted do not arise out of and in the course of employment if the commission of that forcible felony, aggravated driving under the influence, or reckless homicide caused an accident resulting in the death or severe injury of another person. If an employee is acquitted of a forcible felony, aggravated driving under the influence, or reckless homicide that caused an accident resulting in the

SB1596 Enrolled - 7 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

death or severe injury of another person or if these charges are dismissed, there shall be no presumption that the employee is eligible for benefits under this Act. No employee shall be entitled to additional compensation under Sections 19(k) or 19(1) of this Act or attorney's fees under Section 16 of this Act when the employee has been charged with a forcible felony, aggravated driving under the influence, or reckless homicide that caused an accident resulting in the death or severe injury of another person and the employer terminates benefits or refuses to pay benefits to the employee until the termination of any pending criminal proceedings.

1

13 patient in a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program do not 14 arise out of and in the course of employment even though the 15 employer pays some or all of the costs thereof. 16 Any injury to or disease or death of an employee arising 17 from the administration of a vaccine, including without 18 limitation smallpox vaccine, to prepare for, or as a response 19 to, a threatened or potential bioterrorist incident to the 20 employee as part of a voluntary inoculation program in 21 connection with the person's employment or in connection with 22 any governmental program or recommendation for the inoculation 23 of workers in the employee's occupation, geographical area, or 24 other category that includes the employee is deemed to arise 25 out of and in the course of the employment for all purposes 26 under this Act. This paragraph added by this amendatory Act of

Accidental injuries incurred while participating as a

SB1596 Enrolled - 8 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

the 93rd General Assembly is declarative of existing law and is

not a new enactment.

No compensation shall be payable if (i) the employee's

intoxication is the proximate cause of the employee's

accidental injury or (ii) at the time the employee incurred the

accidental injury, the employee was so intoxicated that the

intoxication constituted a departure from the employment.

8 Admissible evidence of the concentration of (1) alcohol, (2)

 9 cannabis as defined in the Cannabis Control Act, (3) a

10 controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled

11 Substances Act, or (4) an intoxicating compound listed in the

12 Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act in the employee's blood,

breath, or urine at the time the employee incurred the

14 accidental injury shall be considered in any hearing under this

15 Act to determine whether the employee was intoxicated at the

16 time the employee incurred the accidental injuries. If at the

17 time of the accidental injuries, there was 0.08% or more by

 18 weight of alcohol in the employee's blood, breath, or urine or

19 if there is any evidence of impairment due to the unlawful or

unauthorized use of (1) cannabis as defined in the Cannabis

21 Control Act, (2) a controlled substance listed in the Illinois 22 Controlled Substances Act, or (3) an intoxicating compound 23 listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act or if the 24 employee refuses to submit to testing of blood, breath, or 25 urine, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the 26 employee was intoxicated and that the intoxication was the - 9 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b SB1596 Enrolled 1 proximate cause of the employee's injury. The employee may overcome the rebuttable presumption by the preponderance of the 3 admissible evidence that the intoxication was not the sole 4 proximate cause or proximate cause of the accidental injuries. 5 Percentage by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based on 6 grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood. Percentage by 7 weight of alcohol in the breath shall be based upon grams of 8 alcohol per 210 liters of breath. Any testing that has not been 9 performed by an accredited or certified testing laboratory 10 shall not be admissible in any hearing under this Act to 11 determine whether the employee was intoxicated at the time the 12 employee incurred the accidental injury. 13 All sample collection and testing for alcohol and drugs 14 under this Section shall be performed in accordance with rules 15 to be adopted by the Commission. These rules shall ensure: 16 (1) compliance with the National Labor Relations Act 17 regarding collective bargaining agreements or regulations 18 promulgated by the United States Department of 19 Transportation; 20 (2) that samples are collected and tested in 21 conformance with national and State legal and regulatory 22 standards for the privacy of the individual being tested, 23 and in a manner reasonably calculated to prevent 24 substitutions or interference with the collection or 25 testing of reliable sample; 26 (3) that split testing procedures are utilized;

SB1596 Enrolled - 10 -

- 10 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

```
1
              (4) that sample collection is documented, and the
 2
         documentation procedures include:
 3
                  (A) the labeling of samples in a manner so as to
              reasonably preclude the probability of erroneous
 5
              identification of test result; and
                  (B) an opportunity for the employee to provide
 7
             notification of any information which he or she
 8
              considers relevant to the test, including
 9
             identification of currently or recently used
10
             prescription or nonprescription drugs and other
11
              relevant medical information;
12
              (5) that sample collection, storage, and
13
         transportation to the place of testing is performed in a
14
         manner so as to reasonably preclude the probability of
15
          sample contamination or adulteration; and
16
              (6) that chemical analyses of blood, urine, breath, or
17
         other bodily substance are performed according to
18
         nationally scientifically accepted analytical methods and
19
         procedures.
20
         The changes to this Section made by Public Act 97-18 apply
21
     only to accidental injuries that occur on or after September 1,
22
     2011.
23
      (Source: P.A. 97-18, eff. 6-28-11; 97-276, eff. 8-8-11; 97-813,
24
     eff. 7-13-12.)
25
         Section 10. The Workers' Occupational Diseases Act is
                        - 11 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b
     SB1596 Enrolled
 1
     amended by changing Sections 5 and 11 and by adding Section 1.1
 2
     as follows:
 3
          (820 ILCS 310/1.1 new)
 4
          Sec. 1.1. Permitted civil actions. Subsection (a) of
 5
     Section 5 and Section 11 do not apply to any injury or death
 6
     resulting from an occupational disease as to which the recovery
 7
     of compensation benefits under this Act would be precluded due
 8
     to the operation of any period of repose or repose provision.
```

```
9
      As to any such occupational disease, the employee, the
10
      employee's heirs, and any person having standing under the law
11
      to bring a civil action at law, including an action for
12
      wrongful death and an action pursuant to Section 27-6 of the
13
      Probate Act of 1975, has the nonwaivable right to bring such an
14
      action against any employer or employers.
15
          (820 ILCS 310/5) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.40)
16
          (Text of Section WITHOUT the changes made by P.A. 89-7,
17
      which has been held unconstitutional)
18
          Sec. 5. Liability inclusive; third-party liability.
19
          (a) Except as provided in Section 1.1, there \frac{\text{There}}{\text{There}} is no
20
      common law or statutory right to recover compensation or
21
      damages from the employer, his insurer, his broker, any service
22
      organization retained by the employer, his insurer or his
23
      broker to provide safety service, advice or recommendations for
24
      the employer or the agents or employees of any of them for or
                              - 12 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b
      SB1596 Enrolled
 1
      on account of any injury to health, disease, or death
 2
      therefrom, other than for the compensation herein provided or
 3
      for damages as provided in Section 3 of this Act. This Section
 4
      shall not affect any right to compensation under the "Workers'
 5
      Compensation Act".
 6
         No compensation is payable under this Act for any condition
 7
     of physical or mental ill-being, disability, disablement, or
 8
      death for which compensation is recoverable on account of
 9
      accidental injury under the "Workers' Compensation Act".
10
          (b) Where the disablement or death for which compensation
11
      is payable under this Act was caused under circumstances
12
      creating a legal liability for damages on the part of some
13
      person other than his employer to pay damages, then legal
14
      proceedings may be taken against such other person to recover
15
      damages notwithstanding such employer's payment of or
16
      liability to pay compensation under this Act. In such case,
17
      however, if the action against such other person is brought by
18
      the employee with a disability or his personal representative
```

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

19 and judgment is obtained and paid or settlement is made with 20 such other person, either with or without suit, then from the 21 amount received by such employee or personal representative 22 there shall be paid to the employer the amount of compensation 23 paid or to be paid by him to such employee or personal 24 representative, including amounts paid or to be paid pursuant 25 to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act. 26 Out of any reimbursement received by the employer, pursuant SB1596 Enrolled - 13 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b 1 to this Section the employer shall pay his pro rata share of 2 all costs and reasonably necessary expenses in connection with 3 such third party claim, action or suit, and where the services 4 of an attorney at law of the employee or dependents have 5 resulted in or substantially contributed to the procurement by 6 suit, settlement or otherwise of the proceeds out of which the 7 employer is reimbursed, then, in the absence of other 8 agreement, the employer shall pay such attorney 25% of the

9 gross amount of such reimbursement. 10 If the employee with a disability or his personal 11 representative agrees to receive compensation from the 12 employer or accept from the employer any payment on account of 13 such compensation, or to institute proceedings to recover the 14 same, the employer may have or claim a lien upon any award, 15 judgment or fund out of which such employee might be 16 compensated from such third party.

In such actions brought by the employee or his personal representative, he shall forthwith notify his employer by personal service or registered mail, of such fact and of the name of the court in which the suit is brought, filing proof thereof in the action. The employer may, at any time thereafter join in the action upon his motion so that all orders of court after hearing and judgment shall be made for his protection. No release or settlement of claim for damages by reason of such disability or death, and no satisfaction of judgment in such proceedings, are valid without the written consent of both

SB1596 Enrolled - 14 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

```
1
     employer and employee or his personal representative, except in
 2
     the case of the employers, such consent is not required where
 3
     the employer has been fully indemnified or protected by court
 4
     order.
 5
         In the event the employee or his personal representative
 6
     fails to institute a proceeding against such third person at
 7
     any time prior to 3 months before such action would be barred
 8
     at law the employer may in his own name, or in the name of the
 9
     employee or his personal representative, commence a proceeding
10
     against such other person for the recovery of damages on
11
     account of such disability or death to the employee, and out of
12
     any amount recovered the employer shall pay over to the injured
13
     employee or his personal representative all sums collected from
14
      such other person by judgment or otherwise in excess of the
15
     amount of such compensation paid or to be paid under this Act,
16
     including amounts paid or to be paid pursuant to paragraph (a)
17
     of Section 8 of this Act, and costs, attorney's fees and
18
     reasonable expenses as may be incurred by such employer in
19
     making such collection or in enforcing such liability.
20
      (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)
21
          (820 ILCS 310/11) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.46)
22
         Sec. 11. Measure of liability. Except as provided in
23
      Section 1.1, the The compensation herein provided for shall be
24
      the full, complete and only measure of the liability of the
25
      employer bound by election under this Act and such employer's
```

SB1596 Enrolled - 15 - LRB101 07912 JLS 52967 b

- 1 liability for compensation and medical benefits under this Act
- 2 shall be exclusive and in place of any and all other civil
- 3 liability whatsoever, at common law or otherwise, to any
- 4 employee or his legal representative on account of damage,
- disability or death caused or contributed to by any disease
- 6 contracted or sustained in the course of the employment.

7 (Source: Laws 1951, p. 1095.)
8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
9 becoming law.